

CHESS The First Daily Chess Newspaper on the Net

Editors: GM Alexander Baburin, GM Ruslan Scherbakov and IM Vladimir Barsky. CT-348, 21st October 2001

Chess News in Brief

he 5th World Team Championship in Yerevan dominated chess news today. It saw a highly dramatic finish, with the two leaders clashing in the last round. Russia was half a point ahead of the Ukraine and would have been happy with a draw. However, the Russians lost and the Ukraine won the championship, thanks to Ponomariov's win over Dreev. This must be a huge disappointment for the Russian team. Other games in the match were drawn: Ukraine-Russia 2½:1½

Ivanchuk - Svidler ½ Ponomariov - Dreev 1:0 Baklan - Grischuk ½ Eingorn - Sakaev ½

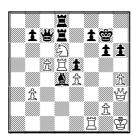
Other results: **Uzbekistan-Germany** 1½:2½ Kasimdzhanov - Jussupow 0:1 Iuldachev - Luts ½ Dzhumaev - Graf ½ Egin - Luther ½

Hungary-Armenia 2½:1½ Leko - Vaganian 0:1 Ruck -Lputian 1:0 Varga - Anastasian 1:0 Acs - Minasian ½

Iran-FYROM 2½:1½ Ghaem Maghami - Mitkov 1:0 Ghorbani - Jacimovic ½ Darban - Stamenkov 0:1 Roghani - Stojanovski 1:0

The final standing:**1. Ukraine - 21½ points** 2. *Russia - 21 3. Armenia - 20* 4. Germany - 18½ 5. Hungary - 16½ 6. Uzbekistan - 15½ 7. Cuba - 14½ 8. FYROM - 9½ 9. Iran - 7

Quiz Today Z. Varga - A. Anastasian



White to play

In Prague Kasparov beat the Czech team 3-1 in the second round of his simultaneous match. He drew with Movsesian and Hracek and prevailed over Babula and Oral. Now Kasparov leads in the match $5\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{1}{2}$.

Trainer's Corner - with GM Alex Baburin

For today's discussion I chose the following question from our reader **Doug Schwetke** from Texas, USA:

"Hello Alex,

I am interested in endgames with 2 rooks vs. 2 rooks. I think the timing of the exchange of one pair of rooks could be important (yes, this is pretty obvious)."

In my opinion this topic is a very interesting. I also had a few games illustrating it recently.

Alexander Baburin (2584) - Tiger Hillarp-Persson (2438) [D20]

This move is necessary sooner or later: 9.4\(\Delta\)c3 \(\pa\)b4 10.\(\pa\)f1.

9...₩d5 10.ᡚc3 Ձb4 11.Ձd2 ₩d8

11... gxc3 12.bxc3 looks good for White.

12.a3 &a5 (D)



13.₺h5

This may not be the best, but was certainly interesting. Also tempting was 13.\(\frac{1}{2}\)g2 or 13.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c2!?

13...0-0 14.ጃg1 g6 15.ᡚxf6+ ∰xf6 16.b4

16...**≜**b6 17.**②**d5 **쌀**f5 18.**②**xb6 axb6 (D)



19.b5?

This move is wrong - it pushes the knight where

it wants to go anyway. It also weakens White's queenside. Clearly the best was 19.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c3!, putting the bishop to that crucial diagonal. White should be better here, playing h2-h4, etc.

Tiger suggested 23... ∰d6 here. I considered that too and was going to play 24. ℤh1!? ℤxa3 25. ℤxa3 灃xa3 26.e4 ℤ with strong compensation for a pawn.

24.₩c1

Here I offered a draw. I did not think that I was worse, but I had less time than Black and the position was such that it was easier to play for Black.

24...c6 25.bxc6?

I had about 10 minutes left around here, so I played this move quickly. Better was 25. 型b1!?. 25...bxc6 26. 豐c3 象a6 27. 象xa6 罩xa6 28. 罩c1?

28.\(\mathbb{Z}\)h1! \(\delta\)xd4 29.\(\delta\)f1 \(\delta\)f3 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)h2= − Black has no more than perpetual.

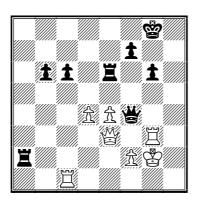
28...�h4 29.≌g3?!

The computer suggests a clever idea: 29.\mathbb{Z}g4 \&\daggreanting f3+ 30.\mathbb{D}\daggreanting d1 \&\daggreanting xd2 31.\mathbb{Z}f4.

29...**②**f3+ 30.**₫**f1

30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf3 \(\mathbb{U}\)xf3 \(31.\mathbb{U}\)xc6 was probably a better chance.

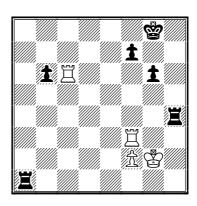
30...心xd2+ 31.營xd2 罩xa3 32.垃g2 罩a5 33.營c3 罩e6 34.e4 罩a2 35.罩f3 營g5+ 36.罩g3 營f4 37.營e3 (D)



37...≅xe4

Here 37... \(\times xf2+! \) would have finished White off. I saw it, but could not avoid it... In mutual time-trouble Tiger missed that move.

38. ₩xf4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)gf3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)gf4+



Black is going to lose the b-pawn, but should keep all rooks on the board – then he will have winning chances.

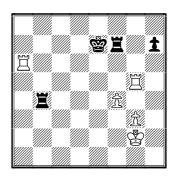
44...罩ah1 45.罩xb6 罩4h2+ 46.亞g3 罩h3+ 47.亞f4 g5+? 48.亞g4 罩xf3

Time. 2.10 - 2.15

Black should have tried to find ways to play for a win. Maybe he won't win, but certainly he had to try!

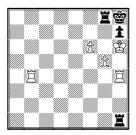
With 4 rooks on the board winning chances of the superior side increase greatly. I experienced that myself in the following game:

J. Rowson (2490) – A. Baburin (2593) Monarch Assurance Open 1999



Black to play; +-

With just one pair of rooks on the board it would be a relatively simple draw, but the presence of 4 rooks makes this position winning for White, who can now combine attack on the enemy pawn with attack on the enemy king.



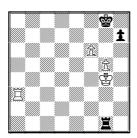
White has made a lot of progress – his pawns are well advanced and his pieces are pretty active. Now he needs to get his king out of the h-file, so his rook could attack on the h-file, while the king will support the f-pawn.

76...**¤g1**

Now exchanging rooks is hopeless for Black – his remaining pieces would be too passive. 76... \mathbb{Z}xh4+77.\mathbb{Z}xh4 \mathbb{Z}a8 78.\mathbb{Z}e4 \dots g8 79.\mathbb{Z}e7+-.

77. □ bg4 □ ff1 78. □ ff4 □ gf1 79. □ ff5 □ cf1 80. □ hf3 □ cf7 81. □ hf5 □ ff7 82. □ eff8 83. □ fe5 □ ff8 84. □ hf6 □ aff85. □ hf5 □ gf8 86. □ eff8 87. □ hf5 □ gf1 88. □ eff8 89. □ xg8 +?

Around here White went wrong. I think that $89.\Xi e5$ was correct – then White would threaten f6-f7 and also Kh5-g4-f5. To White's excuse I can say that both of us were down to our last minute in the game.



This position is OK for Black as far as I remember. 92. 查f4 罩f1+ 93. 查g4 罩g1+ 94. 查f4 罩f1+ 95. 罩f3 罩a1

Another example of the same theme:

Evgeny Sveshnikov (2515) - Mikhail Tal (2620) Notes by Alexander Baburin



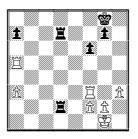
Black to play

Again, with only one rook each this position would be an easy draw, but here Black has serious problems.

28...≌c8

Maybe better was 28...f6 29.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)f7 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf7 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d7+ \(\mathbb{Z}\)g6 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xa7 f5.

29.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xg5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)a2 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)g3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)f3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d2 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e5 f6?! 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a5 \(\mathbb{Z}\)cd7 (D)



Black wants to exchange a pair of rooks. **34**.**Eff5!**

White does not allow it! He can improve his position with h3-h4-h5, g2-g3 and Kg1-g2, so Black felt he had to do something:

34...≌a2 35.≌f4! ≌ad2 36.≌fa4 ≌e7 37.≅xa7 ≌e1+ 38.фh2 ≅xf2 39.≌g4 g5 40.≌b4 ≌e8 41.≌bb7 (D)



In positions like this one, 2 rooks are particularly dangerous – one of Black's rooks must watch the back rank, which makes resistance impossible. **1-0**

If you are interested in endgame, here is another and quite stunning example of the power of 2 rooks for you. I suggest that you analyse it carefully and perhaps play a training game from this position against somebody of a similar strength. It would be a certain benefit to your chess!

Tigran Petrosian (2645) - Yuri Balashov (2565)

[A17] USSR Championship, Leningrad, 1977. Notes by Alexander Baburin

1.c4 ②f6 2.②c3 e6 3.②f3 ②b4 4.營c2 0-0 5.b3 c5 6.②b2 營e7 7.e3 ②c6 8.②e2 d6 9.0-0 ②xc3 10.③xc3 e5 11.a3 ②g4 12.莒fe1 a5 13.d4 ②h5 14.dxe5 dxe5 15.②xe5 ②xe5 16.②xh5 ②xh5 17.營f5 莒fe8 18.營xh5 a4 19.莒ab1 axb3 20.營xe5 營xe5 21.③xe5 莒xe5 22.莒xb3 莒e4 23.莒c1 莒a4 24.莒xb7 g6 25.莒d1 莒xa3 26.g3 莒a8 27.莒dd7 莒f8 28.罝bc7 莒xc4 (D)



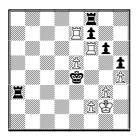
Once again, this position would be an easy draw with just 2 rooks on the board and that would be true even without the c-pawn. However, now White has good winning chances – just look at how passive the f8-rook is!

29. 中 g2 h5 30.h3 中 g7 31.中 f3 中 f6

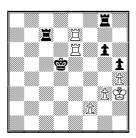
After 31...g5!? 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d5 \(\dot{\phi}\)g6 White should not get greedy with 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)cxc5? \(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5 \(\mathbb{Z}\) 34.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5\(\mathbb{Z}\) - instead he can play 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c6+! f6 34.g4\(\mathbb{Z}\).

Or 36... \mathbb{Z} c2!? 37. \triangle e3, with the idea of f2-f4 and e4-e5+.

37.e5+ 호f5 38.তxc5 তzd3+ 39.호g2 তzd3 40.তzc6 호e4 41.তzf6 (D)



41... Ξaa8 42.e6 фe5 43. Ξfxf7 Ξg8 44. Ξb7 фxe6 45. Ξbe7+ фd6 46. Ξe2 Ξaf8 47. Ξa7 Ξa8 48. Ξae7 Ξac8 49. Ξ2e6+ фd5 50. фh3 Ξc7? (D)



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I hope that you find this article useful. From now on some training materials will appear in Chess Today *every* weekend!

Solution to Quiz Today 46.⊘e8+! 1-0

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